

## Chapter 6: The Time of Troubles Quiz

- 1. Which presidential candidate in the Election of 1860 was disliked by Southerners and thus missing from the 1860 voting ballot in Tennessee?**
  - a. John C Breckinridge
  - b. Andrew Johnson
  - c. Abraham Lincoln
  - d. John Bell
- 2. Which group of people had the most influence over Tennessee politics?**
  - a. Railroad commissioners
  - b. Slaveowners
  - c. East Tennessee farmers
  - d. Enslaved individuals
- 3. What major event was the starting point for the American Civil War?**
  - a. The Emancipation Proclamation
  - b. The passing of the 13<sup>th</sup> Amendment
  - c. The attack at Gettysburg
  - d. The Attack on Fort Sumter
- 4. Which grand division of Tennessee was not in favor of secession in 1861?**
  - a. East
  - b. West
  - c. Middle
- 5. Which state was the last state to leave the Union?**
  - a. Alabama
  - b. Tennessee
  - c. Mississippi
  - d. Florida

- 6. True or false. More Tennessean men fought for the Confederacy than the Union.**
- a. True
  - b. False
- 7. Which county in Tennessee declared itself separate and free from the rest of the state?**
- a. Scott County
  - b. Bedford County
  - c. Rutherford County
  - d. Maury County
- 8. Which term best describes the type of fighting that soldiers used in McNairy County?**
- a. Trench warfare
  - b. Line fighting
  - c. Guerilla warfare
  - d. Naval warfare
- 9. What Confederate fort was overtaken by Union General Ulysses S. Grant and Commodore Andrew Foote in January 1862?**
- a. Fort Henry
  - b. Fort Donelson
  - c. Fort Sumter
  - d. Fort Nashville
- 10. Why was the Siege of Fort Donelson such a major loss to the Confederacy?**
- a. Only Union forces remained in Tennessee after the Siege.
  - b. The Union took control of major Tennessee rivers in the area.
  - c. The Confederate soldiers were forced to join the Union.
  - d. The Siege was actually considered a Confederate victory.

- 11. Union troops captured what city on February 24<sup>th</sup>, 1862?**
- a. Nashville
  - b. Knoxville
  - c. Memphis
  - d. Chattanooga
- 12. Where did Confederate Commander Albert Sidney Johnston's army attack Union General Ulysses S. Grant's troops in what would become the bloodiest battle of the war (prior to the Battle of Antietam)?**
- a. Corinth, Mississippi
  - b. Nashville, Tennessee
  - c. Shiloh Chapel, near Savannah Tennessee
  - d. Memphis, Tennessee
- 13. Which Tennessean did Abraham Lincoln appoint as military governor?**
- a. Andrew Johnson
  - b. Andrew Jackson
  - c. John C. Breckinridge
  - d. Stephen Douglas
- 14. Who led Confederates at the Battle of Stones River?**
- a. Robert E. Lee
  - b. Albert Sidney Johnston
  - c. David Farragut
  - d. Braxton Bragg
- 15. Who led the Union forces at the Battle of Stones River?**
- a. William Rosecrans
  - b. Ulysses Grant
  - c. Abraham Lincoln
  - d. David Farragut

**16. Which side lost at the Battle of Stones River?**

- a. Union
- b. Confederate
- c. It was a draw

**17. How many men were either killed, wounded, or missing at the Battle of Stones River?**

- a. 2 in 3
- b. 1 in 4
- c. 1 in 5
- d. Zero

**18. Along what river did the army of Tennessee hold a defensive line until 1863?**

- a. Tennessee River
- b. Duck River
- c. Mississippi River
- d. Missouri River

**19. What caused more damage to Tennessee than fighting?**

- a. Poverty
- b. Soldier occupation
- c. Political differences
- d. Railroads

**20. What did the Union do with fugitive slaves?**

- a. Placed the fugitive slaves in contraband camps
- b. Ignored the fugitive slaves
- c. Made the fugitive slaves into Prisoners of War
- d. Transferred the fugitive slaves back to the plantations

**21. What did African Americans in Tennessee gain as result of military service in the Union army?**

- a. Freedom
- b. A stipend for service
- c. The right to vote and basic citizenship
- d. Free housing

**22. Which military leader was responsible for capturing Atlanta in 1864?**

- a. William Sherman
- b. John Bell Hood
- c. Ulysses Grant
- d. Williams Rosecrans

**23. What battle essentially destroyed the Army of Tennessee under General John Bell Hood?**

- a. Battle of Stones River
- b. Battle of Shiloh
- c. Battle of Franklin
- d. Battle of Fort Loudon

**24. What battle ended the Civil War in Tennessee?**

- a. The Battle of Franklin
- b. The Battle of Shiloh
- c. The Battle of Nashville
- d. The Stones River Battle

**25. At the end of the Civil War, how many African Americans were free Tennesseans?**

- a. 275,000
- b. 200,000
- c. 176,000
- d. 150,000