

## Chapter 5: The Age of Jackson Quiz

- 1. What event helped to end the frontier phase of Tennessee?**
  - a. The Jackson Compromise
  - b. The Jackson Purchase
  - c. The Jefferson Buyback
  - d. The Madison Purchase
- 2. What was one of the early methods of reliable transport in Tennessee?**
  - a. Railroads
  - b. Horses and carts
  - c. Steamboats
  - d. Automobiles
- 3. Which of the following is a reason East Tennessee had issues with steamboat transport?**
  - a. The area was largely landlocked
  - b. There was no one to build railroads
  - c. The soil was not good for building infrastructure
  - d. There were too many rivers
- 4. Which of the following is a reason East Tennessee started to separate from Middle and West Tennessee?**
  - a. Political differences
  - b. Slavery
  - c. Industry (railroads and coal mines, etc.) differences
  - d. All of the above

- 5. Tennessee produced more of *what crop* than any other state in 1840?**
- a. Corn
  - b. Cotton
  - c. Sugar
  - d. Wheat
- 6. What university in Nashville was one of the nation's leading medical schools?**
- a. Vanderbilt
  - b. University of Nashville
  - c. Fisk University
  - d. Tennessee State University
- 7. Why did Andrew Jackson lose the election of 1824?**
- a. The House voted for John Quincy Adams
  - b. He lost the popular vote
  - c. He was under 35 years old
  - d. The Senate voted for John Quincy Adams
- 8. Who won the Presidential Election of 1824?**
- a. John Adams
  - b. John Quincy Adams
  - c. Henry Clay
  - d. John C. Calhoun
- 9. Andrew Jackson referred to the results of the election of 1824 as a**
- a. Corrupt Bargain
  - b. Messed Up Deal
  - c. Corrupt Deal
  - d. The Big Cheat

**10. Why did Andrew Jackson despise the Bank of the United States?**

- a. He saw it as favoring the wealthy
- b. The Bank wouldn't fund his projects
- c. The Bank funded his enemies
- d. The Bank was conspiring with Henry Clay and John Quincy Adams

**11. Andrew Jackson's use of the Veto was seen as an over-step of presidential power. People started referring to Andrew Jackson as what?**

- a. Prince
- b. Emperor
- c. King
- d. Khan

**12. In what ways did Native Americans assimilate into white society? Select all that apply.**

- a. Converted to Christianity
- b. Owned slaves
- c. Learned to read and write in English
- d. Created a Constitution

**13. The journey out west that Native Americans were forced to take was called the**

- a. Trail of Sadness
- b. Trail of Tears
- c. Indian Removal Act
- d. Senate Bill 2319

**14. What branch of the military was sent in to handle the removal of Indians?**

- a. Marines
- b. Navy
- c. Army
- d. National Guard

**15. Who was the Cherokee Chief during the Indian Removal process?**

- a. William Carrol
- b. John Coffee
- c. John Ross
- d. Tecumseh

**16. Who created a writing system for the Cherokee language?**

- a. John Ross
- b. Sequoyah
- c. Tecumseh
- d. Prophet

**17. What was Andrew Jackson's political party?**

- a. Republican
- b. Whig
- c. Democrat
- d. Independent

**18. What type of public speeches became popular during this time among politicians?**

- a. Post speeches
- b. Stump speeches
- c. Ringing's
- d. Announcement speeches

**19. Which two Tennesseans fought in the fight for Texan Independence? Choose two.**

- a. James K. Polk
- b. David Crockett
- c. Sam Houston
- d. Andrew Jackson

**20. Who was the second President from Tennessee?**

- a. John Tyler
- b. Teddy Roosevelt
- c. Andrew Johnson
- d. James K. Polk

**21. What was James K. Polk's first act as president?**

- a. Add Florida to the United States
- b. Annex Texas
- c. Annex Alaska
- d. Extend the Jackson Purchase to California

**22. The United States gained what states by the end of the Mexican War? Select all that apply.**

- a. Texas
- b. Arizona
- c. Utah
- d. California
- e. Oregon
- f. New Mexico
- g. Washington

**23. What two cities in Tennessee were major centers for the slave trade? Choose two.**

- a. Memphis
- b. Chattanooga
- c. Murfreesboro
- d. Nashville
- e. Bristol
- f. Pulaski

**24. What effect did the Nat Turner Slave Rebellion have on slave owners?**

- a. It made slave owners free their slaves
- b. It scared slave owners and caused them to raise security around their slaves
- c. It had no effect
- d. It made slave owners buy more slaves in attempt to prevent future slave rebellions.

**25. In 1834, the state constitution prevented who from voting?**

- a. New immigrants from the new states acquired from the Mexican American war
- b. Free African Americans
- c. Slave owners
- d. Republicans